

WHITMAN APPEALS FOR LOAN SUPPORT

Urges Residents of State to Buy Bonds to Full Extent of Ability.

INSURANCE DRIVE OPENS

2,500 Agents Begin House to House Canvass in Search of Subscribers.

Gov. Whitman appealed to the people of the State last night through the Liberty Loan Committee to supplement contributions with generous subscriptions to the Liberty Loan, following a day which did more to popularize the loan than any similar period since Secretary McAdoo opened the subscription books. Through the efforts of more than 2,500 insurance agents, who had set apart the day as insurance men's Liberty Loan day, the call of the loan was brought to the doorsteps of a large portion of the city and there was brought in to the committee more small subscriptions than have been received before in a single day.

"The young men of the country have come forward loyally and accepted the opportunity to serve the cause of liberty on the battle fronts of Europe," said the Governor's appeal. "The Government will now proceed to make selections from this vast enrollment, and in the course of the next few months a small percentage will be chosen. In the meantime we must raise the money to equip these men and send them abroad. This cannot be done unless the Liberty Loan is generously subscribed."

"Only ten more days remain in which to raise these bonds. We cannot wait until our soldiers go abroad before providing the money to support them. We are at war and our first duty is in connection with this Liberty Loan. Every man and woman in this State should get behind it immediately and go to the banks or trust companies and subscribe for as many bonds as they can possibly take. It is impossible to overemphasize the disgrace in the eyes of the world and the injury to the cause which would attend a failure upon our part to do generously and with enthusiasm the first thing we have been asked actually to do in this world war."

Drive Opens at 3 A. M.

Before daybreak yesterday morning the life insurance agents began their drive. The campaign began at 3 o'clock in the morning when squads of solicitors went to the various produce markets to capture the farmers as they arrived with their wagons. The rural element, which has been dominant in the eyes of the world and the injury to the cause which would attend a failure upon our part to do generously and with enthusiasm the first thing we have been asked actually to do in this world war."

every other district, following a blue chart of the city, the other squads plunged into their work when the stores and factories opened. They began on their house to house canvass about the time the breakfast things were being cleared away. The result was that early in the day optimistic reports began to flow in on W. F. Atkinson, leader of the agents, who worked under the auspices of the Life Insurance Underwriters Association, and they became more satisfactory as the day wore on.

There was a full in the amount and the volume of large subscriptions announced yesterday by the various banks and trust companies of the city owing to the fact that many of their clients considered the day a holiday. Only two or three large subscriptions were announced, the most important of which included \$1,000,000 by the Mackay Companies, which comprise the Commercial Cable Company and the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, and \$1,000,000 by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. The former was placed through the Guaranty Trust Company and the latter through the National Park Bank.

William A. Ford & Co. announced subscriptions of \$1,000,000 on behalf of the company and its clients, including a block of \$250,000 taken by the Remington Typewriter Company.

Theoretical Company Subscribers.
The first Liberty Loan bond subscribed for by a troop of Boy Scouts was reported yesterday by the local committee. It was applied for by Troop 60 of Manhattan and will be paid for out of the troop's treasury. The first subscription by a theatrical company was also reported to the committee yesterday.

Every member of the "Turn to the Right" company as well as all of the persons employed in the business and mechanical parts of the production has purchased Liberty bonds. Employees of the State Industrial Commission have subscribed to \$100,000 of the bonds.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew were among the amateurs who repeated the regular salesman at McCrory's yesterday and disposed of bonds to the value of \$100,000. Of this amount a \$50,000 investment was made by Mr. Black, out of 250 Fifth avenue. Last night the Rotary Club authorized a subscription of \$20,000 of the bonds.

Preliminary reports of the Railroad Liberty Loan Committee yesterday showed \$6,127,950 in subscriptions. Of this \$5,455,000 was in block subscriptions by railroad companies and \$672,950 in individual investments by employees. One woman came into the Bankers Trust company yesterday with a tin box under her arm. She inquired about information regarding the loan and was ushered to the desk of one of the clerks in charge of subscriptions, where she poured a flood of bulleted nickels upon it. There were all told \$77 worth of them. She also had a \$100 coin and a \$10 bill. She filled out her application for a \$100 bond.

"That represents the savings of two years," she said. "It has been hard for me to get it together. I could not spare it now for buying anything—even a bond—were it not that I want to do what I can on this day." She was going to save harder than ever now, and she tucked her treasure chest back under her arm again.

To-morrow New York will have an example of the case with which a fleet of German aeroplanes might attack the city. The only difference between the attack to which New York is to be subjected and that with which French and British cities have felt is the fact that the aviators are not to be armed with death dealing bombs, but with Liberty bond circulars. It is estimated that approximately 25,000 circulars will be dropped from the aeroplanes.

The committee announced yesterday

EXPENSE AND LOSS OF TIME

The expense and loss of time often attendant to making investments reduce materially their earning capacity.

There is no better investment on the market than our First Mortgage Participation Certificates.

They are parts of a specific guaranteed first mortgage and pay 4½% exempt from personal taxation in this State.

They provide an investment for the exact sum desired, whether it is large or small.

No investor has ever lost a dollar

First Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Capital & Surplus, \$10,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 178 B'way, N. Y.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

that Mrs. Sarah Bernhardt would be the guest of honor at a patriotic meeting arranged by the Women's Liberty Loan Committee and Miss C. E. Mason at the Castle in Tarrytown to-day. This meeting will be a more or more arranged by the committee. Mrs. August Belmont and Mrs. Henry Hays, chief speakers for the committee, have decided to terminate the Federal Reserve district between them and they have arranged several meetings.

To-day will be Labor Day for the Liberty Loan, when a special effort will be made to carry out the call of the American Federation of Labor and its affiliated organizations in the necessity of buying a Liberty bond. It also will be automobile day.

Strong Asks Support.
Benjamin Strong, governor of the local Federal Reserve Bank, yesterday issued a statement in answer to recent statements criticizing the terms of the Liberty Loan because it allowed only 3½ per cent interest. "While the campaign to place the \$2,000,000,000 worth of Liberty bonds is being carried out every week and corner of the United States," said Mr. Strong, "the statement has been made that in such times as these the duty of every man who has small income is to make his money go as far as possible to provide for his own dependents. Therefore in certain places the argument has been raised that the Liberty Loan, carrying with it an interest of only 3½ per cent, which is from one-half to 1 per cent less than can be obtained, should be subscribed to solely by the wealthy."

"Here are a few figures which, I am sure, will put the matter in an entirely different light so far as this interest on a \$50 or \$100 bond is concerned. Say a man has \$50 which has been drawing its 4 per cent year in and year out; that is, he has been getting \$2 each year, his money is fairly safe, it has been working for him, but has not necessarily represented a single patriotic thought on his part. Now, the same man takes this \$50 and invests it in a \$50 Liberty bond. He is first of all, getting 3½ per cent interest, which is just as surely doing his share as the unmarried, younger man who is facing the enemy from the trenches or the decks of a warship. He is lending by the transaction, in terms of money, just 25 cents a year, approximately two cents a month.

The Liberty bonds will each bear interest at 3½ per cent, giving the holder of the smallest of them, the \$50 one, an income of \$1.75 a year. "The Liberty bonds are exempt from all sorts of Federal, State and local taxation except in the case of inheritance taxes. And if during the course of the war the Government should find it necessary to borrow any money at a higher rate than these first bonds can be turned in dollar for dollar for bonds bearing the higher rate of interest."

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The committee announced yesterday

ROOKIES Praised BY GEN. EDWARDS

Splendid Energy Shown at Plattsburg, Says Chief of Northeast.

CAMP FUTURE IN DOUBT

Utilization Purposes Still to Be Determined—Twenty-one Dropped.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 5.—Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, commanding the Department of the Northeast, spent today in an informal inspection of the training camp here and meeting friends among the officers and students. Gen. Edwards arrived last night from Fort Ethan Allen and returned to that post to-night. During the afternoon while at the camp headquarters he sent for a number of members of the camp, among them being Major Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Major Rhinlander Waldo and Capt. Robert Goetz, all of New York. He also held a short informal reception for the officers of the regular army attached to the New England Regiment.

"This camp is under the jurisdiction of Major-Gen. Bell and I am only here in an unofficial capacity, having but three functions in my visit," said Gen. Edwards. "These are to comment upon the work to relieve an officer for cause and to question about recruitment in

so far as the New England Regiment is concerned. The men have accomplished much in the short space of time they have been here, and what pleases me most is the energy the men show, the throwing of their whole self into the work for the cause. It is splendid."

Whether there would be a continuation of this camp on the same lines or whether it would be utilized as a mobilization camp the general could not say. He regretted that there had been so much bad weather and agreed that the climate at Plattsburg for drilling is really at its best during the months of July, August and September.

The general was accompanied by Capt. Hyatt and Col. Denson of his staff, Col. Chesham, also of his staff, chief of the Quartermasters Department, accompanied him as far as Fort Ethan Allen. Gen. Edwards said it was to be regretted that the shortage of officers was a severe handicap to the work of the training camp, but it was a condition which under existing conditions could not be overcome.

Members Sent Home.
During the day there were twenty-one members of the camp discharged for personal or official reasons, of whom the following were members of the New York regiment: William H. Reid, A. Krause, Walter A. Bryan, Thomas L. Oriatvia, Julian H. Salmon, Eighth Company; William A. Sells, Sixth Company; Robert W. Davies, Charles J. Collins, Arthur J. Brain, Fred H. Madden, Walter H. King, Seventh Company, and Francis W. Ridgway, Sixteenth Company, a member of the National Guard. Commissions in the Officers Reserve were to-day issued to John W. Farley, First Company, New England Regiment, as Captain in Infantry; Louis A. Smith, Fifteenth, New England, Captain of cavalry; W. Eastman, Fourth, New York; First Lieutenant of Infantry.

Capt. Arnold Whitridge of the New York regiment, a Captain in the field artillery, section of the Officers Reserve, was to-day ordered to Governors Island for duty.

ARMY ORDERS.
WASHINGTON, June 5.—Major Henry L. Stinson, Judge Advocate General's Office, Infantry Corps, will report to the Chief of Staff for duty at the Army War College.
Major Claude C. Niekols, Ordnance O. R. C., to active duty and will proceed to Frankford Arsenal, Bridgetown, Pa., and report to the commanding officer.

First Lieut. Richard S. M. O. R. C., will proceed to Allentown, Pa., and report to Major E. F. Perena, M. C., for duty with the U. S. Ambulance Corps.
Special orders May 25, 1917, directing Major O. W. Bell, Cavalry, detached officers list, to join the Twentieth Cavalry, are amended to direct Major Bell to report to the commanding general, Central Department as instructor citizens' training camp, Fort Sheridan, Ill.

Capt. W. O. Jellinek, M. O. R. C., to active duty and report to the commanding officer, Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco.
Major Preston Brown, Thirty-first Infantry, now on leave in this city, will report to Col. Isaac W. Little, M. C., for duty in his office.

Major Joseph L. Crabbe, U. S. A., retired, is placed on active duty, will proceed to this city and report to the chairman of the committee on chemicals of the advisory commission of the Council of National Defense for duty.

Capt. Edgar W. Miller, M. O. C., is relieved from present duty and will proceed to Syracuse, N. Y., for duty at that camp.
First Lieut. Francis J. Toohay and Charles L. Kilburn, Coast Artillery, placed on the General List.
Capt. Charles G. Lawrence, Q. M. C., will proceed to Fort Mifflin, Pa., and report to the commanding officer, for duty as Quartermaster, relieving Major Edward T. Winston, retired.

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CHIEF OF GERMAN PLOTTERS SOUGHT

Name of Guiding Spirit in Wireless Smuggling Scheme Known to Officials.

ARRESTS EXPECTED SOON

Three Prisoners Gathered in Sunday Will Be Arraigned This Morning.

Every effort of local officials and agents of the Department of Justice, secret service men and city police who on Sunday arrested three men on a charge of evading the postal laws in communicating with Germany was bent yesterday on ferreting out the few and much more important persons who financed and directed the general scheme. These few pro-Germans now being sought—one guiding spirit in particular—are known by name to the authorities as German sympathizers and agents who had a directing hand in other pro-German schemes during recent months.

A hurried investigation of some of the bundles of papers seized by the Department of Justice since the three arrests of Sunday and the detention Monday of two more men convinced the authorities that one man of importance had been putting his O. K. on the bills incurred by lesser lights engaged in varying out schemes that had to do not only with

forwarding mail matter secretly to Germany but also with shipping wireless equipment from this city to Mexico. A Federal official said yesterday that more arrests may soon be made.

One Freed on Bail.
Much has been learned from the three men arrested Sunday, one of whom, Harry F. Periss, gained temporary liberty yesterday by finding a bondman in the person of a Far Rockaway neighbor whose bail bond for \$25,000 was accepted by the Government. The two men arrested with him and still confined in the Tombs, Irving Bonaparte and Axel B. Mecher, and two others brought to the United States Attorney's office on Monday and still merely "detained," not technically under arrest—all these men, it was said by their examiners yesterday, answer all questions readily enough. As details are learned from them Department agents are constantly being sent out to check up their stories.

The two under detention—Ferdinand Heines Adam and Henry Feincke—spent most of the day in and around Assistant United States Attorney Frank M. Roosa's office, where they were in conference with Mr. Roosa and Lieut. Bushy of the Police Department bomb squad.

The examinations had to do chiefly with the efforts of German sympathizers here to ship wireless apparatus into Mexico. Piled upon Mr. Roosa's desk were three suitcases, a bag and a box, together with many bound packages of letters and other manuscripts which the Federal authorities had seized and are now looking into. In Mr. Roosa's office also were bundles said to contain 150 separate parts of wireless equipments and several plans and drawings.

From officials in close touch with the plans to send wireless outfits to Mexico, presumably to establish communication direct with Germany, it was learned that certain agents of the German Government were engaged last fall in assembling and storing in an electrical concern in lower Manhattan parts of wireless mechanism for shipment to Mexico. Late in November American workmen

employed by the firm learned what was going on and promptly threw their jobs. The electrical firm thereupon moved the plant to a building close by and resumed wireless work for the German agents.

Feincke, it has been learned, was formerly an engineer on one of the Hamburg-American ships interned at South Brooklyn, but a year ago became one of the office forces of the Hamburg-American staff in Manhattan.

The General Electric Company of Schenectady requested last night that one of the prisoners arrested Sunday, Harry F. Periss, be connected with the Schenectady firm. Periss is the New York representative of the Allgemeine Elektricitats Gesellschaft, or General Electric Company of Germany, a firm which is not connected in any way with the well-known American firm the General Electric Company.

Despite the evident extensiveness of the schemes of local agents of Germany to ship electrical equipment to Mexico to establish wireless plants there, little or nothing was gained by the schemers. Wireless outfits were shipped from New York on vessels bound for Vera Cruz, United States officials admitted, but before the cargoes were discharged at the Mexican port American customs men learned of the shipments and caused the equipment to be taken back to New York in all cases except one consignment of a wireless apparatus which did reach Mexico.

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Gillman to Command West Point.
WASHINGTON, June 5.—Prof. Samuel E. Gillman, who retired from the army as a Colonel some years ago and has since been on the faculty at West Point, will be appointed superintendent of the Military Academy, succeeding Col. H. B. H. who has been assigned to command the new Sixth Regiment of Engineers now in training in France.

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